§171.309 General requirements.

The MLS is a precision approach and landing guidance system which provides position information and various ground-to-air data. The position information is provided in a wide coverage sector and is determined by an azimuth angle measurement, an elevation angle measurement and a range (distance) measurement.

- (a) An MLS constructed to meet the requirements of this subpart must include:
- (1) Approach azimuth equipment, associated monitor, remote control and indicator equipment.
- (2) Approach elevation equipment, associated monitor, remote control and indicator equipment.
- (3) A means for the encoding and transmission of essential data words, associated monitor, remote control and indicator equipment. Essential data are basic data words 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 and auxiliary data words A1, A2 and A3.
- (4) Distance measuring equipment (DME), associated monitor, remote control and indicator equipment.
- (5) Remote controls for paragraphs (a) (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section must include as a minimum on/off and reset capabilities and may be integrated in the same equipment.
- (6) At locations where a VHF marker beacon (75 MHz) is already installed, it may be used in lieu of the DME equipment.
- (b) In addition to the equipment required in paragraph (a) of this section the MLS may include:
- (1) Back azimuth equipment, associated monitor, remote control and indicator equipment. When Back Azimuth is provided, a means for transmission of Basic Data Word 5 and Auxiliary Data Word A4 shall also be provided.
- (2) A wider proportional guidance sector which exceeds the minimum specified in §§ 171.313 and 171.317.
- (3) Precision DME, associated monitor, remote control and indicator equipment.
- (4) VHF marker beacon (75 MHz), associated monitor, remote control and indicator equipment.
- (5) The MLS signal format will accommodate additional functions (e.g., flare elevation) which may be included as desired. Remote controls for para-

- graphs (b) (1), (3) and (4) of this section must include as a minimum on/off and reset capabilities, and may be integrated in the same equipment.
- (6) Provisions for the encoding and transmission of additional auxiliary data words, associated monitor, remote control and indicator equipment.
- (c) MLS ground equipment must be designed to operate on a nominal 120/240 volt, 60 Hz, 3-wire single phase AC power source and must meet the following service conditions:
- (1) AC line parameters, DC voltage, elevation and duty:
- 120 VAC nominal value—102 V to 138 V (±1 V)*
- 240 VAC nominal value—204 V to 276 V (± 2 V)*
- 60 Hz AC line frequency—57 Hz to 63 Hz (± 0.2 Hz)*

*Note: Where discrete values of the above frequency or voltages are specified for testing purposes, the tolerances given in parentheses indicated by an asterisk apply to the test instruments used to measure these parameters.

Elevation—0 to 3000 meters (10,000 feet) above sea level Duty—Continuous, unattended

(2) Ambient conditions within the shelter for electronic equipment installed in shelters are:

Temperature, -10 °C to +50 °C Relative humidity, 5% to 90%

(3) Ambient conditions for electronic equipment and all other equipment installed outdoors (for example, antenna, field detectors, and shelters):

Temperature, -50 °C to +70 °C Relative humidity, 5% to 100%

- (4) All equipment installed outdoors must operate satisfactorily under the following conditions:
- Wind Velocity: The ground equipment shall remain within monitor limits with wind velocities of up to 70 knots from such directions that the velocity component perpendicular to runway centerline does not exceed 35 knots. The ground equipment shall withstand winds up to 100 knots from any direction without damage.
- Hail Stones: 1.25 centimeters (½ inch) diameter
- Rain: Provide required coverage with rain falling at a rate of 50 millimeters (2 inches) per hour, through a distance of 9 kilometers (5 nautical miles) and with rain falling at the rate of 25 millimeters (1 inch)

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per hour for the additional 28 kilometers (15 nautical miles).

Ice Loading: Encased in 1.25 centimeters (½ inch) radial thickness of clear ice.

Antenna Radome De-Icing: Down to -6°C (20 $^{\circ}\text{F})$ and wind up to 35 knots.

(d) The transmitter frequencies of an MLS must be in accordance with the frequency plan approved by the FAA.

(e) The DME component listed in paragraph (a)(4) of this section must comply with the minimum standard performance requirements specified in subpart G of this part.

(f) The marker beacon components listed in paragraph (b)(4) of this section must comply with the minimum standard performance requirements specified in subpart H of this part.

§171.311 Signal format requirements.

The signals radiated by the MLS must conform to the signal format in which angle guidance functions and data functions are transmitted sequentially on the same C-band frequency. Each function is identified by a unique digital code which initializes the airborne receiver for proper processing. The signal format must meet the following minimum requirements:

(a) Frequency assignment. The ground components (except DME/Marker Beacon) must operate on a single frequency assignment or channel, using time division multiplexing. These components must be capable of operating on any one of the 200 channels spaced

300 KHz apart with center frequencies from 5031.0 MHz to 5090.7 MHz and with channel numbering as shown in Table 1a. The operating radio frequencies of all ground components must not vary by more than ± 10 KHz from the assigned frequency. Any one transmitter frequency must not vary more than ± 50 Hz in any one second period. The MLS angle/data and DME equipment must operate on one of the paired channels as shown in Table 1b.

TABLE 1a—FREQUENCY CHANNEL PLAN

	Channel No.						
500		5031.0					
501		5031.3					
502		5031.6					
503		5031.9					
504		5032.2					
505		5032.5					
506		5032.8					
507		5033.1					
508		5033.4					
509		5033.7					
510		5034.0					
511		5034.3					
	* * * * * *						
598		5060.4					
		5060.7					
600		5061.0					
		5061.3					
	* * * * *	220110					
698		5090.4					
		5090.7					

TABLE 1b—CHANNELS

Channel pairing				DME parameters					
	freq.	MLS angle freq. MHz	MLS Ch. No.	Interrogation				Dank	
DME No.					Pulse codes			Reply	
DIVIE NO.				Freq. MHz	DME/N μs	DME/P Mode		Freq.	Pulse
						IA μs	FA μs	MHz	codes µs
*1X				1025	12			962	12
** 1Y				1025	36			1088	30
*2X				1026	12			963	12
**2Y				1026	36			1089	30
*3X				1027	12			964	12
**3Y				1027	36			1090	30
*4X				1028	12			965	12
** 4Y				1028	36			1091	30
*5X				1029	12			966	12
**5Y				1029	36			1092	30
*6X				1030	12			967	12
**6Y				1030	36			1093	30
*7X				1031	12			968	12
**7Y				1031	36			1094	30
*8X	l	l	l	1032	12	l	l	969	12